IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT MORATORIUM ACT

Backgrounder on the "Immigration Enforcement Moratorium Act"

The Problem

During the COVID-19 pandemic, many immigration enforcement activities have needlessly endangered public health, including the health of enforcement officers and members of the community.

- Continued arrests and apprehensions discourage immigrant communities from accessing services necessary for their health and well-being and contribute to dangerous crowding in immigration detention centers. The Vera Institute for Justice recently estimated that ICE is severely underreporting the prevalence of COVID-19 in detention, and that the actual rate of infection may be *15 times higher* and still increasing.
- Deportations, particularly after prolonged detention in these deeply unsafe conditions, risk spreading COVID-19 to neighboring countries, where the virus could devastate health systems and create untold harm. In late April, people deported to Guatemala <u>made up 20%</u> of all COVID-19 cases in the country.
- Removal hearings are resumed in several locations in June, contravening the guidance of public health experts. The American Immigration Lawyers' Association recently criticized the decision to resume hearings as "premature," noting that both public health and fairness of proceedings will be jeopardized as a result.
- Border crossing prosecutions are also continuing in many jurisdictions, despite the health risks in doing so. Many people prosecuted under 8 U.S.C. 1325 and 1326 are languishing in unsafe conditions in pre-trial detention.

Meanwhile, despite refusing to halt enforcement practices that jeopardize public health, the Trump administration has cited specious public health justifications to gut humanitarian protections for asylum-seekers and unaccompanied children. A Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) order — which has been roundly criticized by leading public health experts — has powered tens of thousands of unlawful expulsions in under three months, including more than 2,000 unaccompanied children, and has thereby prevented migrants from seeking relief. Since the beginning of June, only four people have been allowed to seek refuge in the United States under this restrictive order.

Risky and unlawful U.S. immigration practices during COVID-19 run afoul of international guidance and best practices. In recognition of the risks presented by immigration enforcement during COVID-19, a consortium of UN migration and human rights agencies, including the UN Refugee Agency, have called on all UN member states to halt deportations. Many countries around the globe have previously halted deportations and continued processing asylum seekers. The U.S. can and must do better.

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What the Immigration Enforcement Moratorium Act Would Do

The "Immigration Enforcement Moratorium Act" would halt harmful immigration enforcement activities during COVID-19 to preserve our collective public health. The bill would:

- Halt deportations of noncitizens during the COVID-19 pandemic and provide for release on orders of supervision for people who have received removal orders to prevent prolonged post-removal-order detention
- Halt arrests and apprehensions of noncitizens physically present in the United States during the COVID-19 pandemic
- Halt in-person check-ins, service of Notices to Appear, and referrals for 1325/26 prosecutions
- At the border, provide for processing and parole of individuals who make claims for relief under immigration laws
- Suspend all in-person court proceedings, and, for detained individuals, establish a procedure for conducting custody determinations and provide for telephonic hearings provided the respondent requests such a hearing in writing
- Prohibit federal funds from being used to implement the CDC order powering automatic expulsions of asylum-seekers and unaccompanied children at the border

The bill is supported by nearly 70 national, state, and local organizations, including:

Al Otro Lado Alianza Nacional de Campesinas American Friends Service Committee American Immigration Lawyers Association Amnesty International USA Asylum Seeker Advocacy Project (ASAP) AsylumWorks Bellevue Program for Survivors of Torture Bend the Arc: Jewish Action Cambridge health alliance Center for Gender & Refugee Studies Center for Human Rights & Constitutional Law Center for Victims of Torture Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights (CHIRLA) Coalition on Human Needs Columbia Law School Immigrants' Rights Clinic Detention Watch Network Disciples Immigration Legal Counsel Disciples Refugee & Immigration Ministries Evangelical Lutheran Church in America Families Belong Together Farmworker Association of Florida

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Florence Immigrant and Refugee Rights Project Freedom for Immigrants FXB Center for Health and Human Rights at Harvard University Haitian Bridge Alliance Hope Border Institute Human Rights First Immigrant Service Providers Group/Health Immigration Hub Immigration Justice Task Force at First Parish, Concord International Institute of New England International Refugee Assistance Project International Rescue Committee Iustice in Motion Latin America Working Group (LAWG) Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service Mass Jobs with Justice Massachusetts Immigrant and Refugee Advocacy Coalition National Council of Jewish Women National Day Laborer Organizing Network *(NDLON) National Immigrant Justice Center National Immigration Law Center National Korean American Service & Education Consortium (NAKASEC) Neponset Health Center NETWORK Lobby for Catholic Social Justice NISGUA Ohio Immigrant Alliance Oxfam America Physicians for Human Rights RAICES Refugees International Rian Immigrant Center Save the Children Action Network Sisters of Mercy of the Americas Justice Team SPLC Action Fund Sueños Sin Fronteras de Tejas The Advocates for Human Rights The Black Alliance for Just Immigration (BAJI) Unitarian Universalist Service Committee United Stateless United We Dream Witness at the Border Women's Refugee Commissio Workers Center of Central New York Young Center for Immigrant Children's Rights